

**MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH**

# **Data Landscape**

**Liz Heitz, MPH**  
**CSTE Applied Epidemiology Fellow**  
**Environmental Health Bureau**  
**Prevention and Health Promotion Administration**

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# Outline

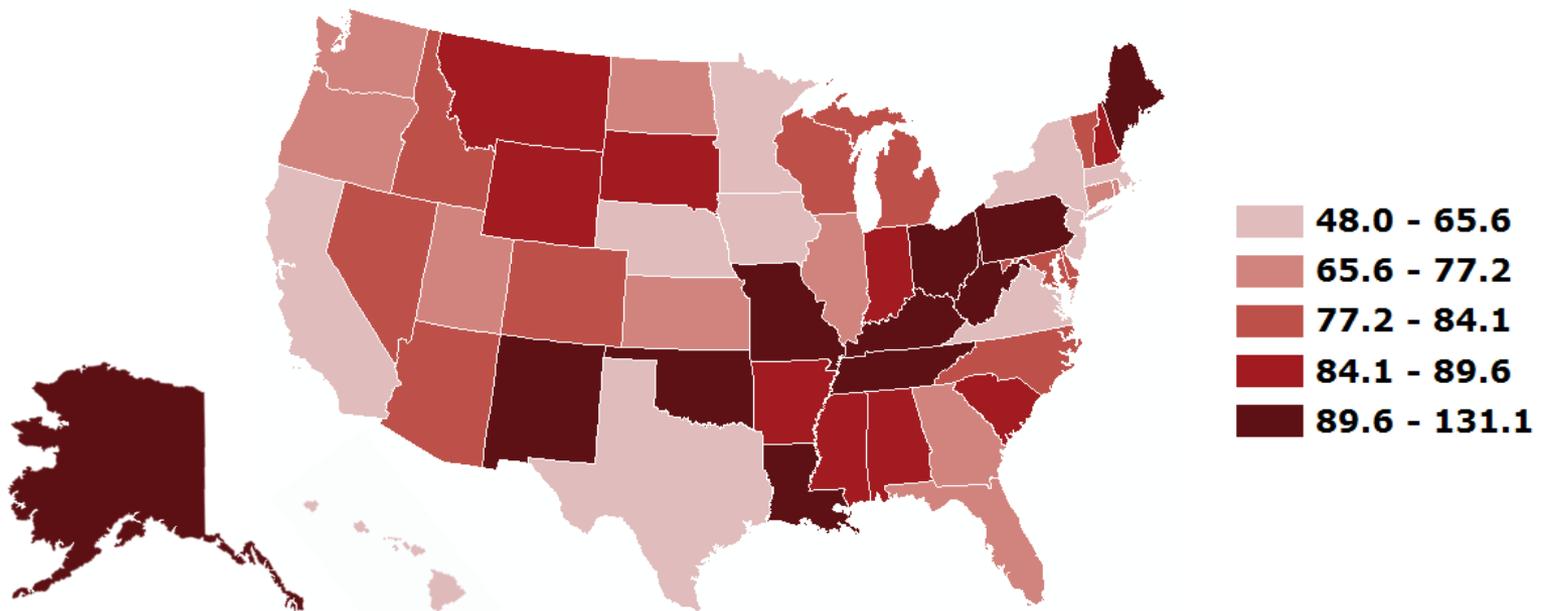
- Injury-related mortality
- Non-fatal injuries
- Violent deaths and suicidal ideation
- Motor vehicle crashes and injuries
- Substance use
- Sexual violence and intimate partner violence among youth
- Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs)

*Injury-Related Mortality*

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**State and National Data**

# Injury Death Rate by State, 2017



## Maryland

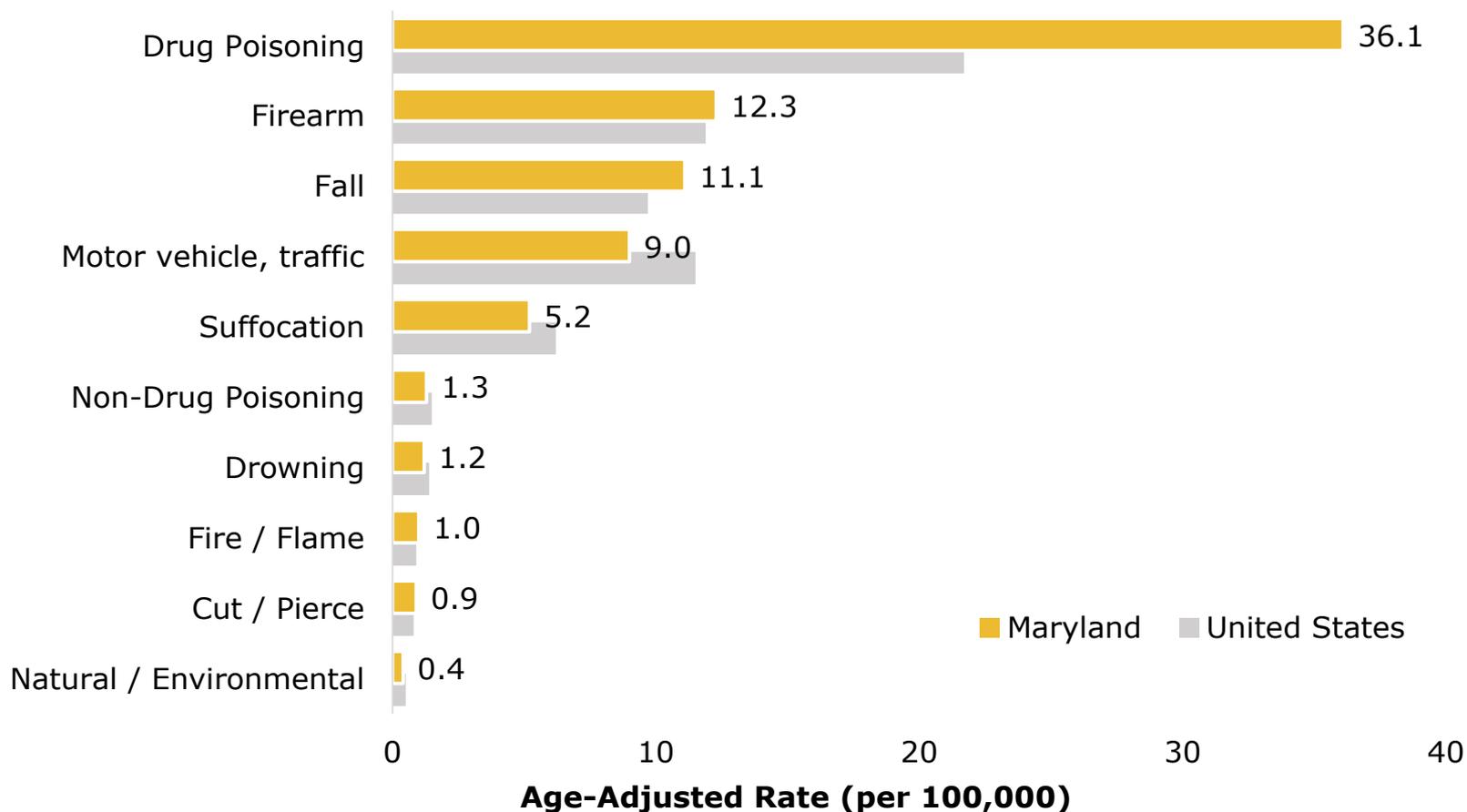
Age-Adjusted Injury Death Rate:  
**82.6** per 100,000

## U.S.

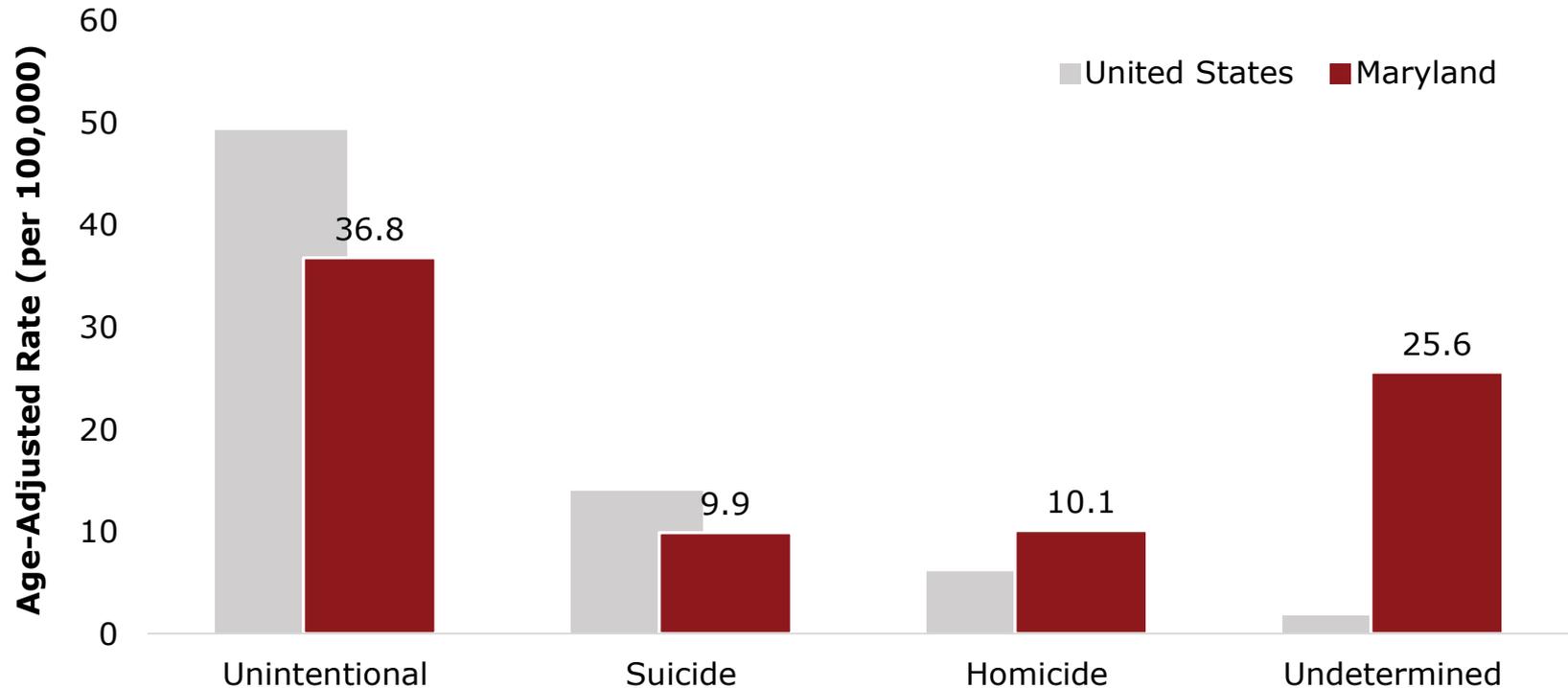
Age-Adjusted Injury Death Rate:  
**71.4** per 100,000

## *Injury Related Mortality*

# **Injury Death Rate by Mechanism, 2017**

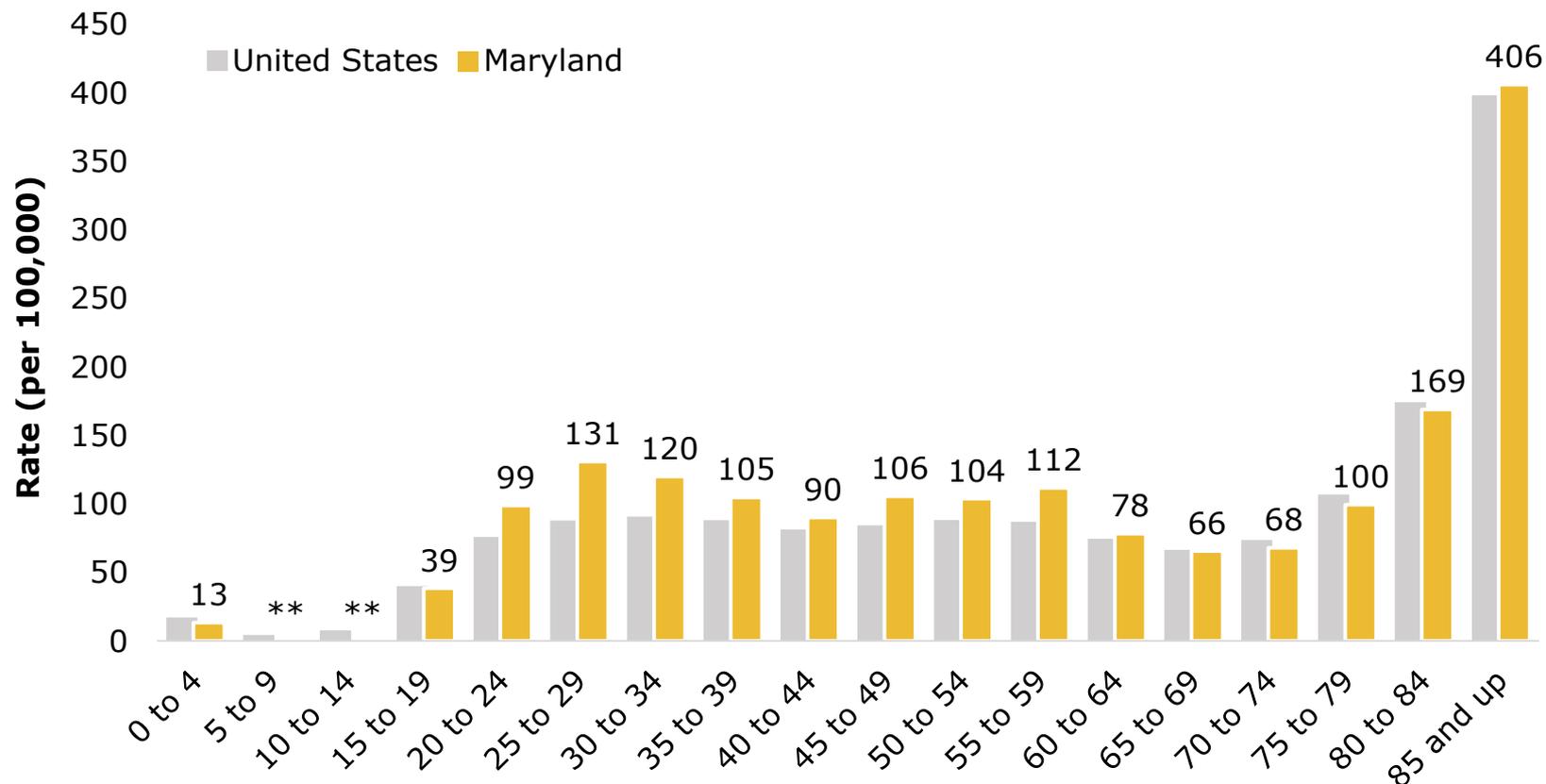


# Injury Death Rate by Intent, 2017



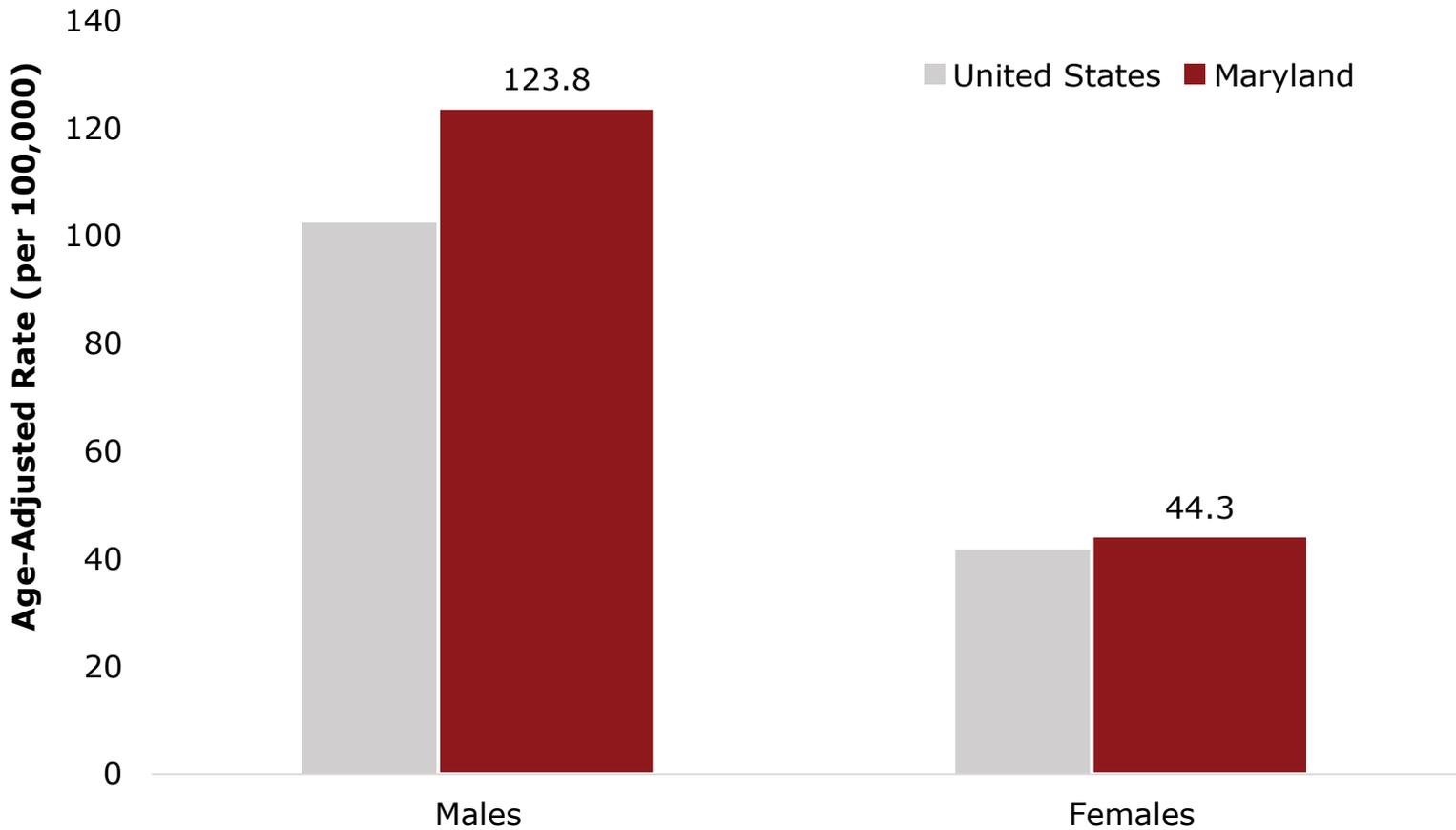
## Injury Related Mortality

# Injury Death Rate by Age, 2017



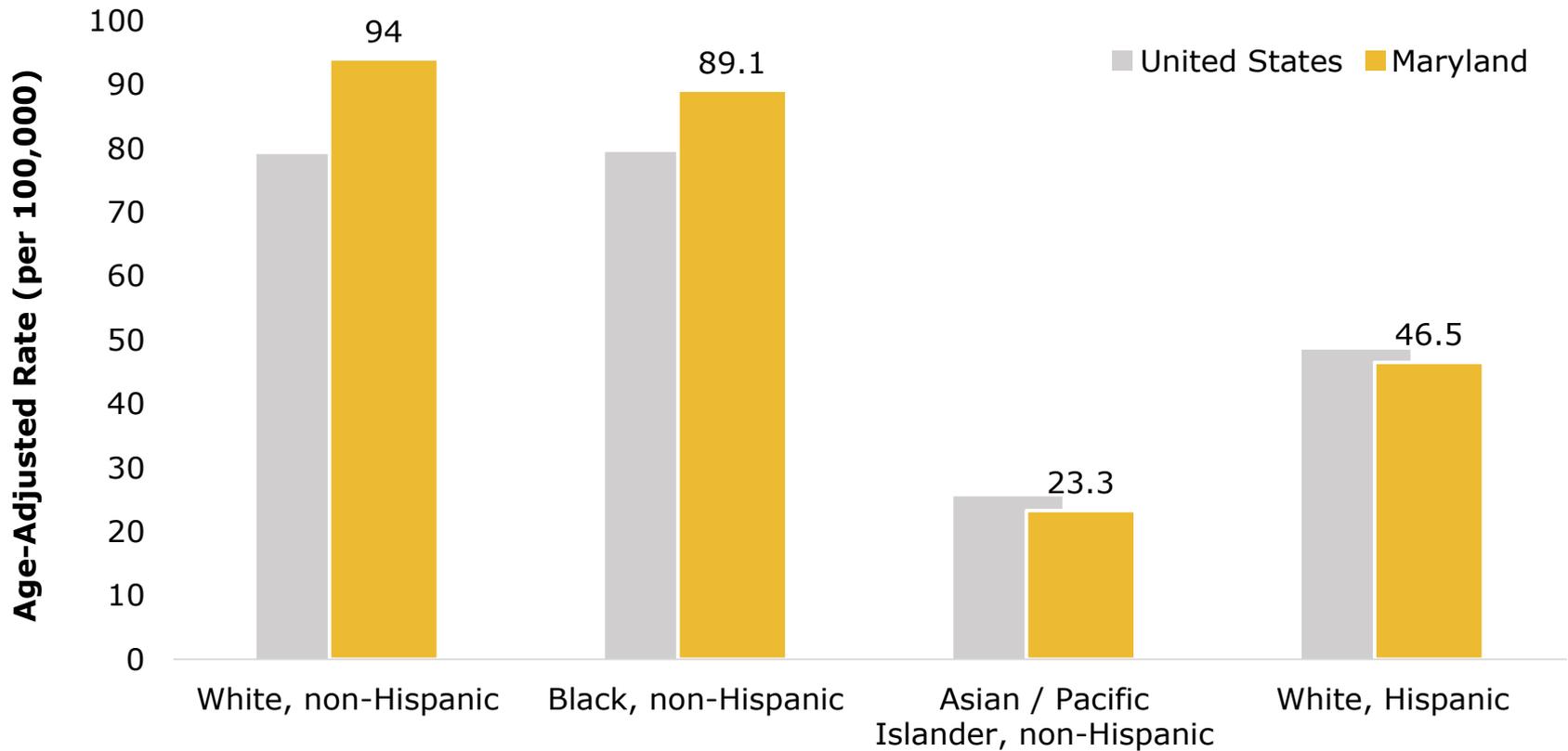
\*\* Rate is suppressed.

# Injury Death Rate by Sex, 2017



*Injury Related Mortality*

# Injury Death Rate by Race/Ethnicity, 2017



Note: Race/ethnicity groups with unstable or suppressed rates are not presented.

*Non-Fatal Injuries*

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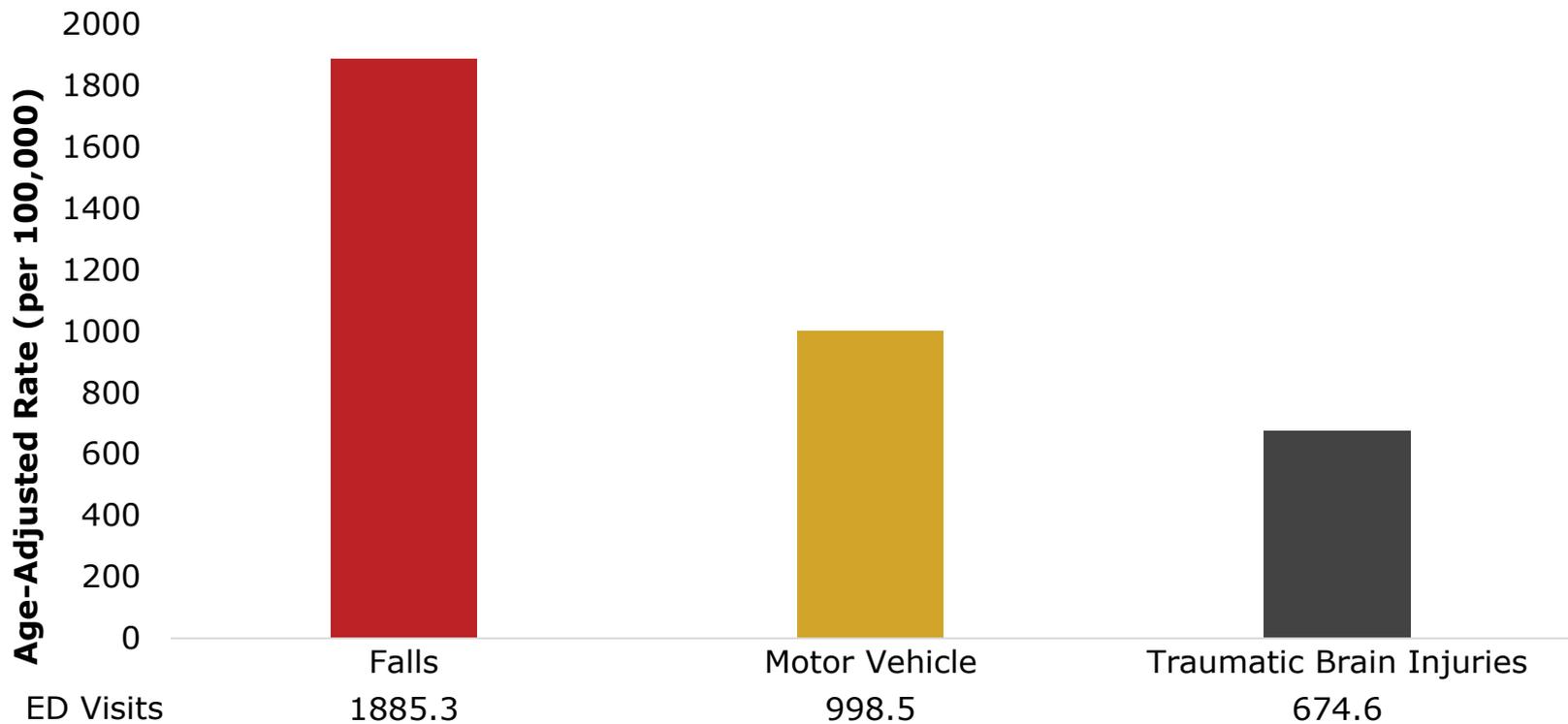
# **ED Visits and Hospitalizations**

# **Status of Injury Morbidity Data**

- No current data is available on injury-related Emergency Department visits and Hospitalizations.
- In 2015, health care systems transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM for coding medical diagnoses in hospital, emergency department (ED), and outpatient records.
- Standardized case definitions and external cause of injury categories are still under development.

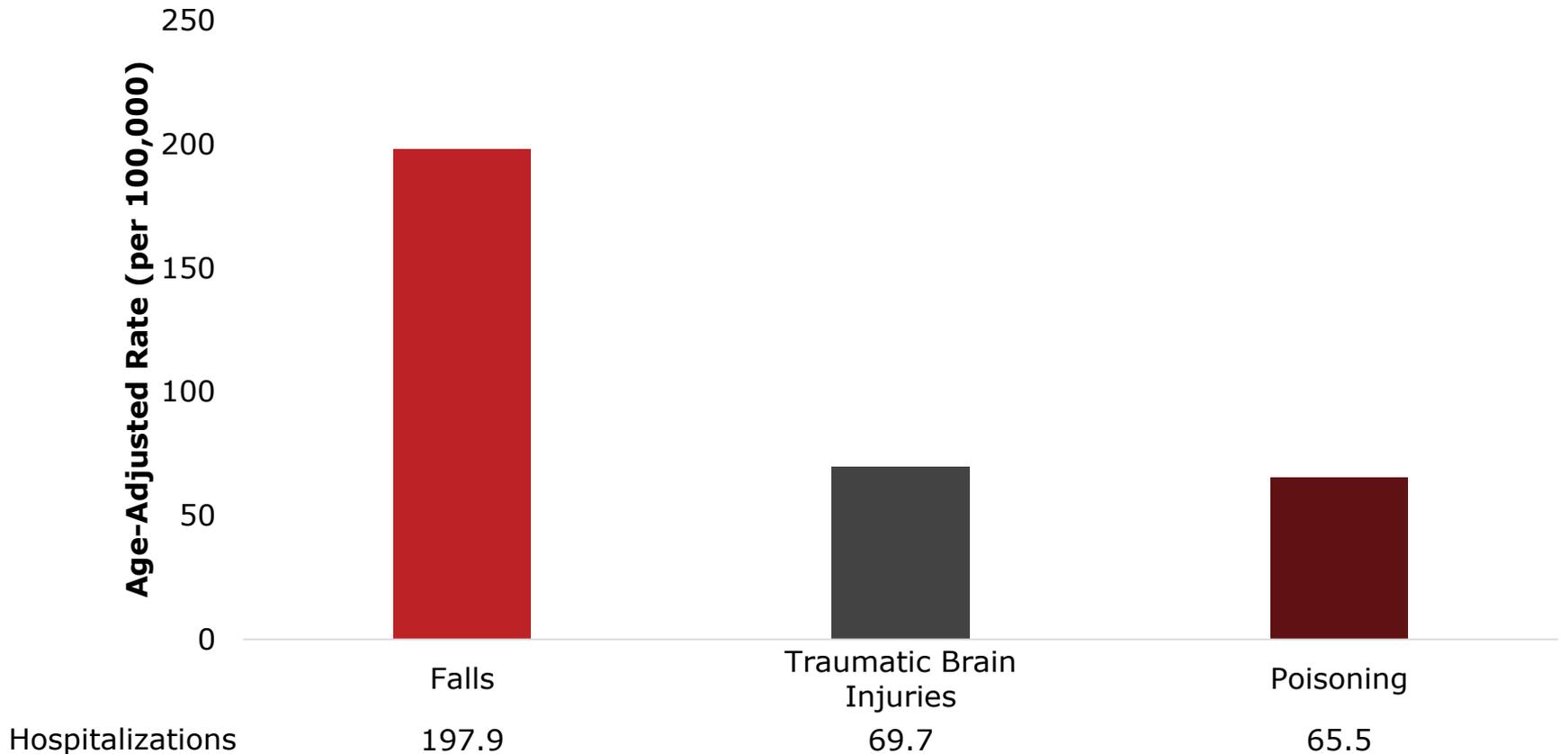
*Non-Fatal Injuries*

# Leading Causes of Injury-Related Emergency Department Visits in Maryland, 2015



*Non-Fatal Injuries*

# Leading Causes of Injury-Related Hospitalizations in Maryland, 2015

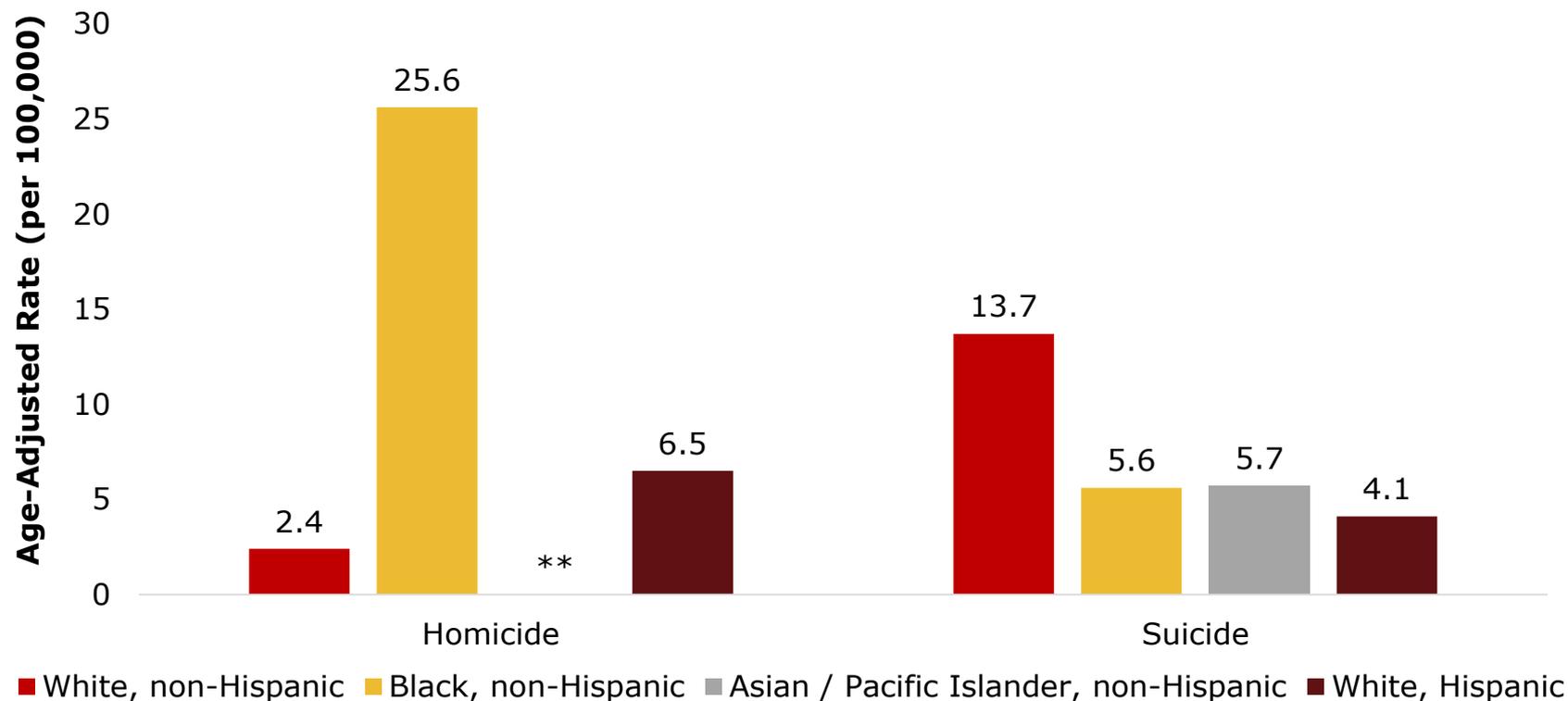


*Details for Violence Prevention*

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# **Homicide and Suicide in Maryland**

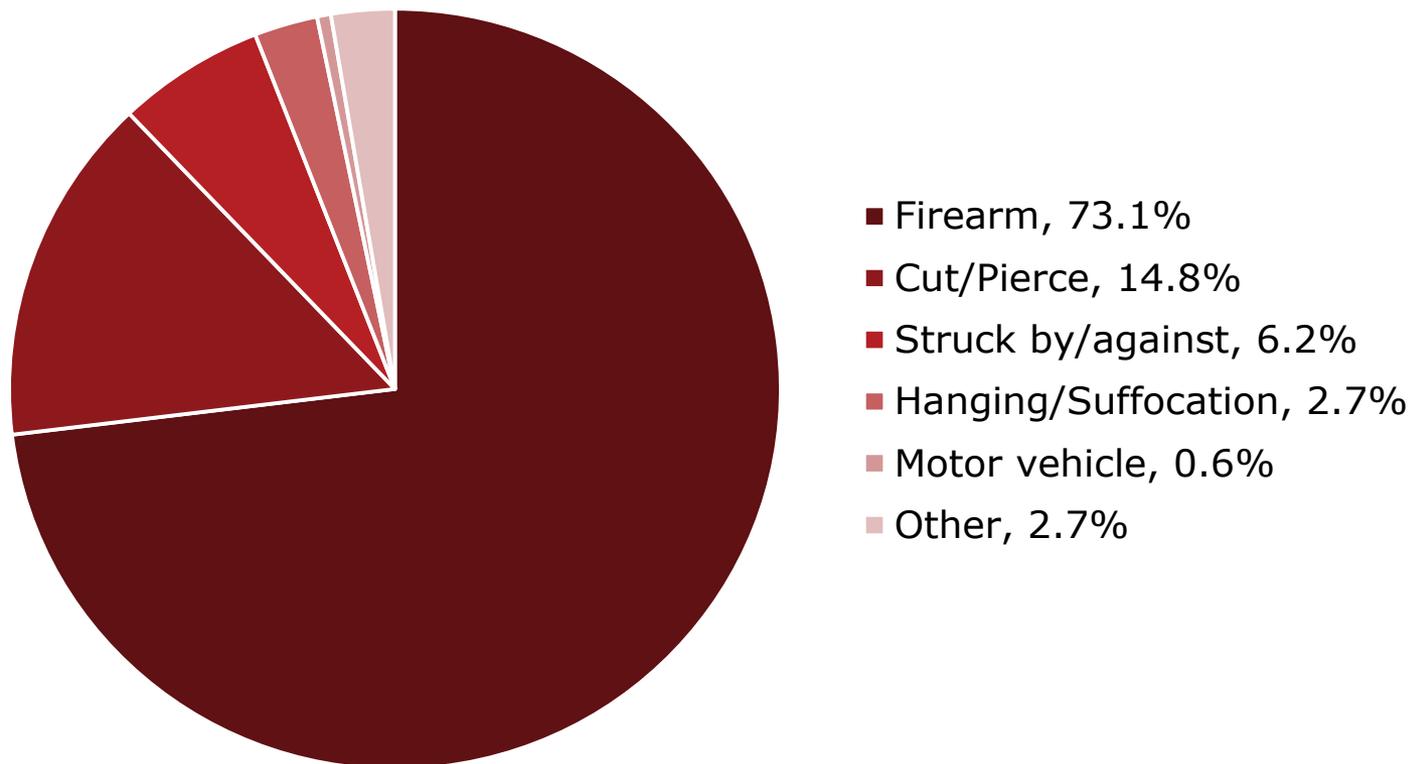
# Homicide and Suicide Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity, Maryland, 2017



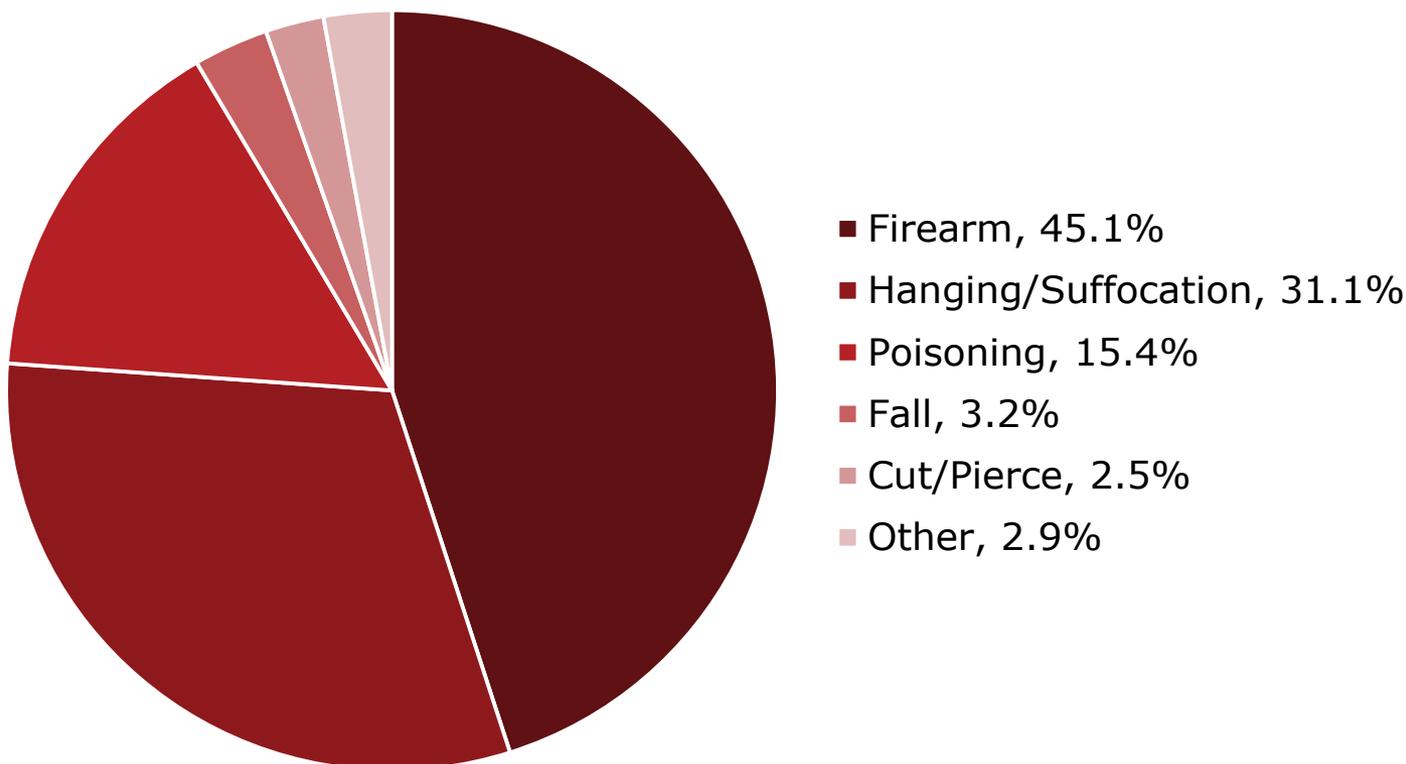
\*\* Rate is suppressed.

Note: Race/ethnicity groups with unstable or suppressed rates are not presented.

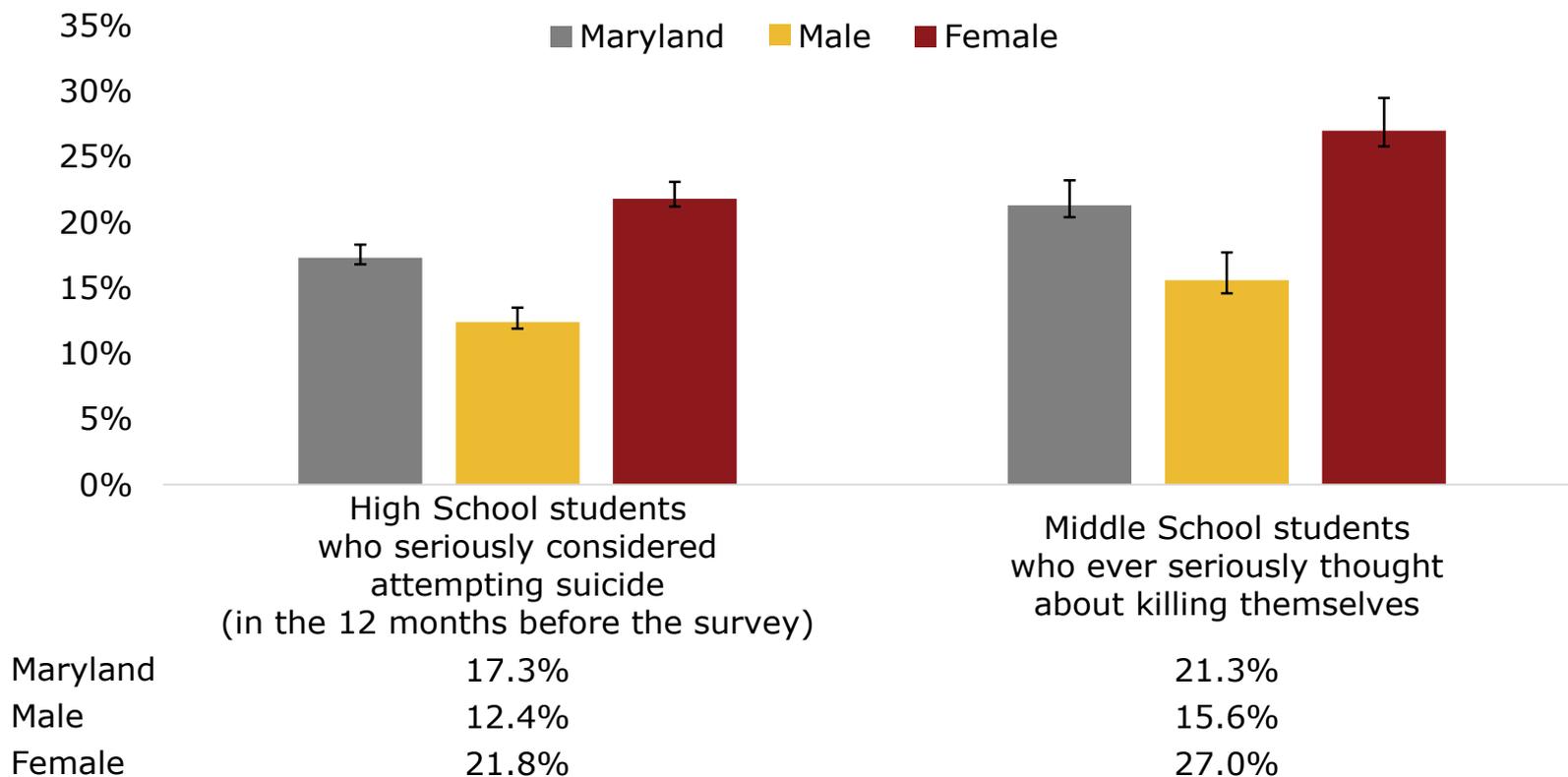
# Homicide Deaths by Mechanism, Maryland, 2012-2016



# Suicide Deaths by Mechanism, Maryland, 2012-2016



# Suicidal Thoughts among Youth Maryland YRBS, 2016



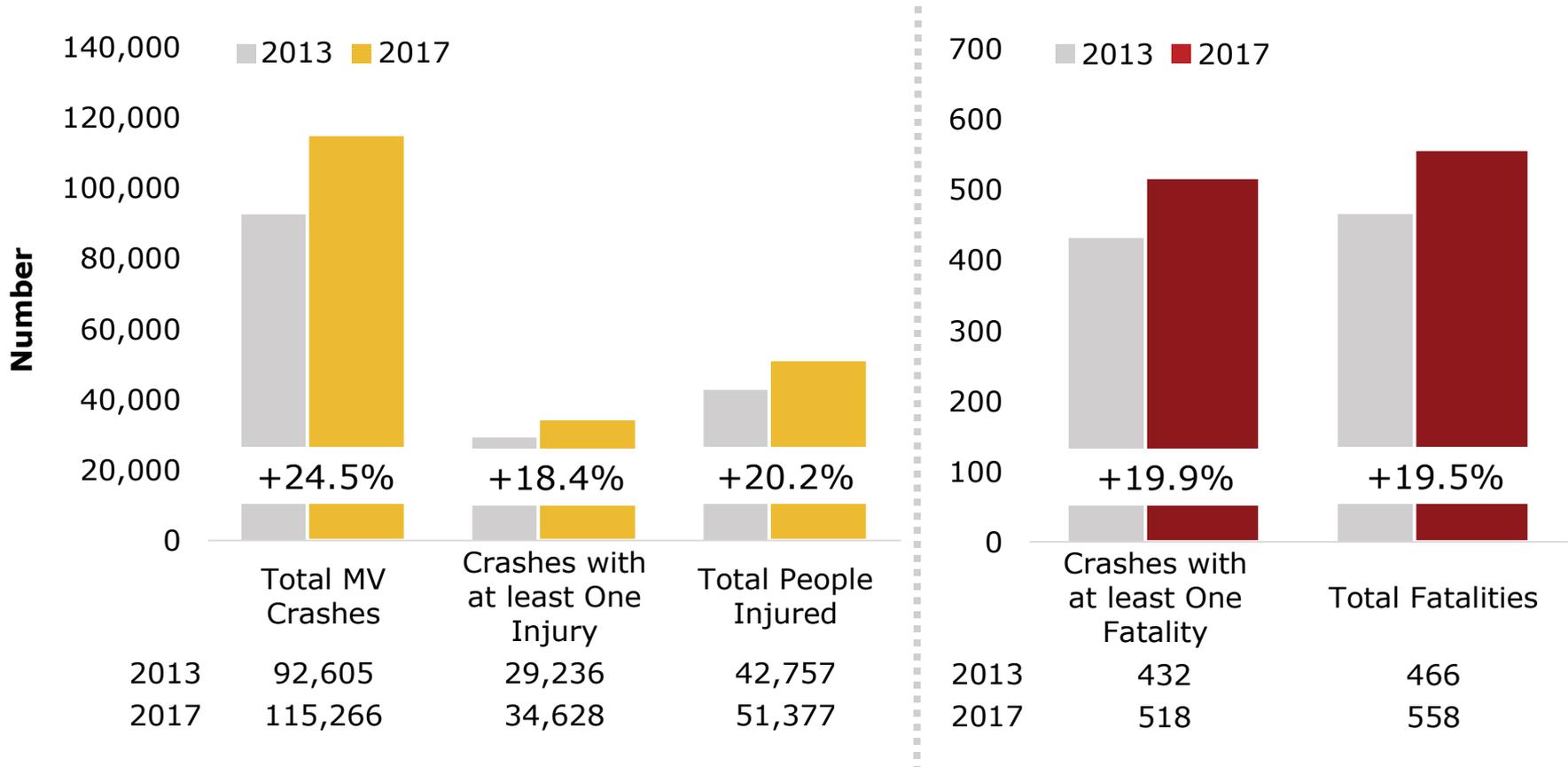
*Motor Vehicle Crashes*

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**Injuries, Fatalities, and  
Risk Factors**

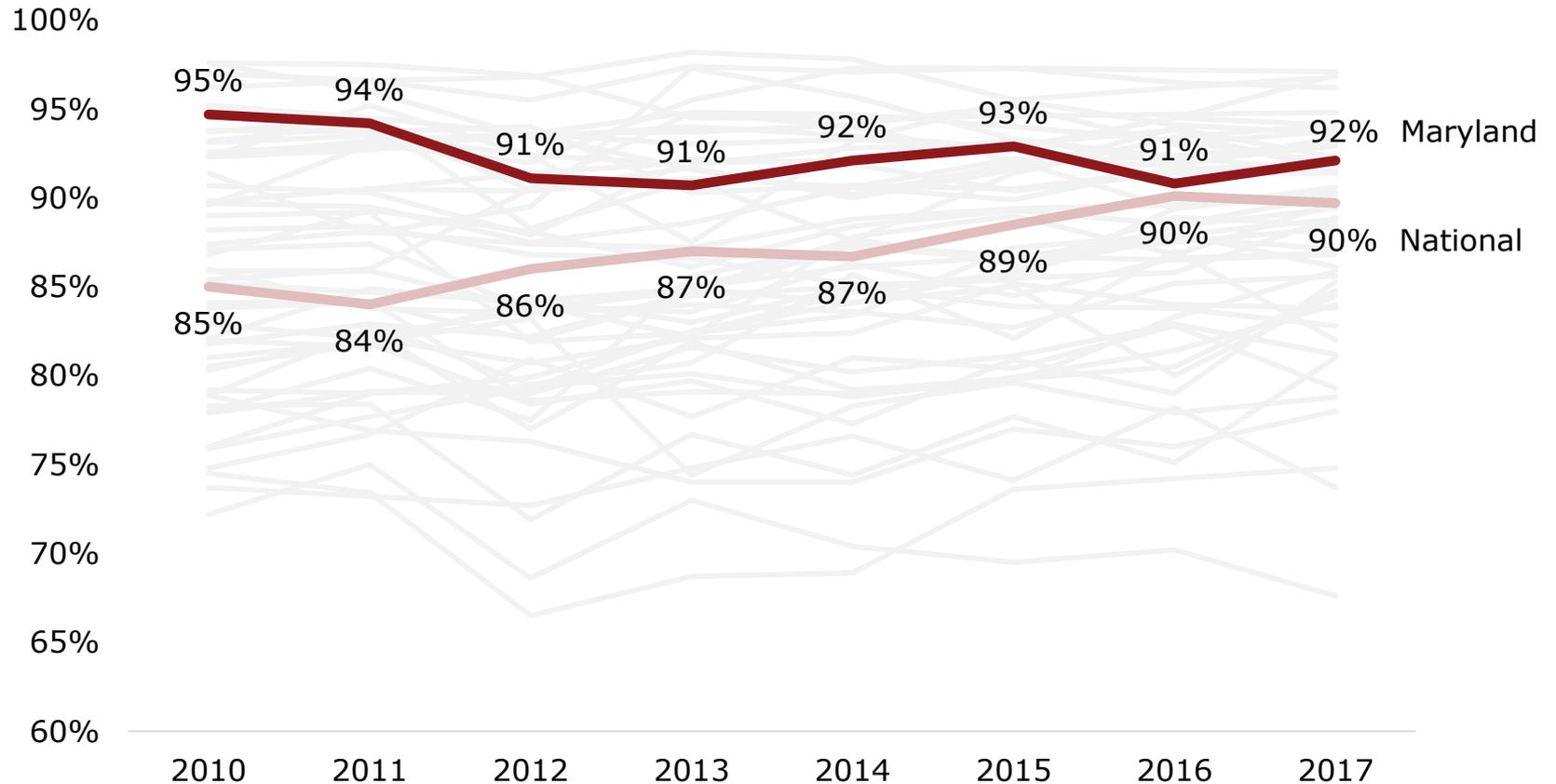
*Motor Vehicle Crashes*

# Maryland Motor Vehicle Crash Data, MHSO, 2013-2017



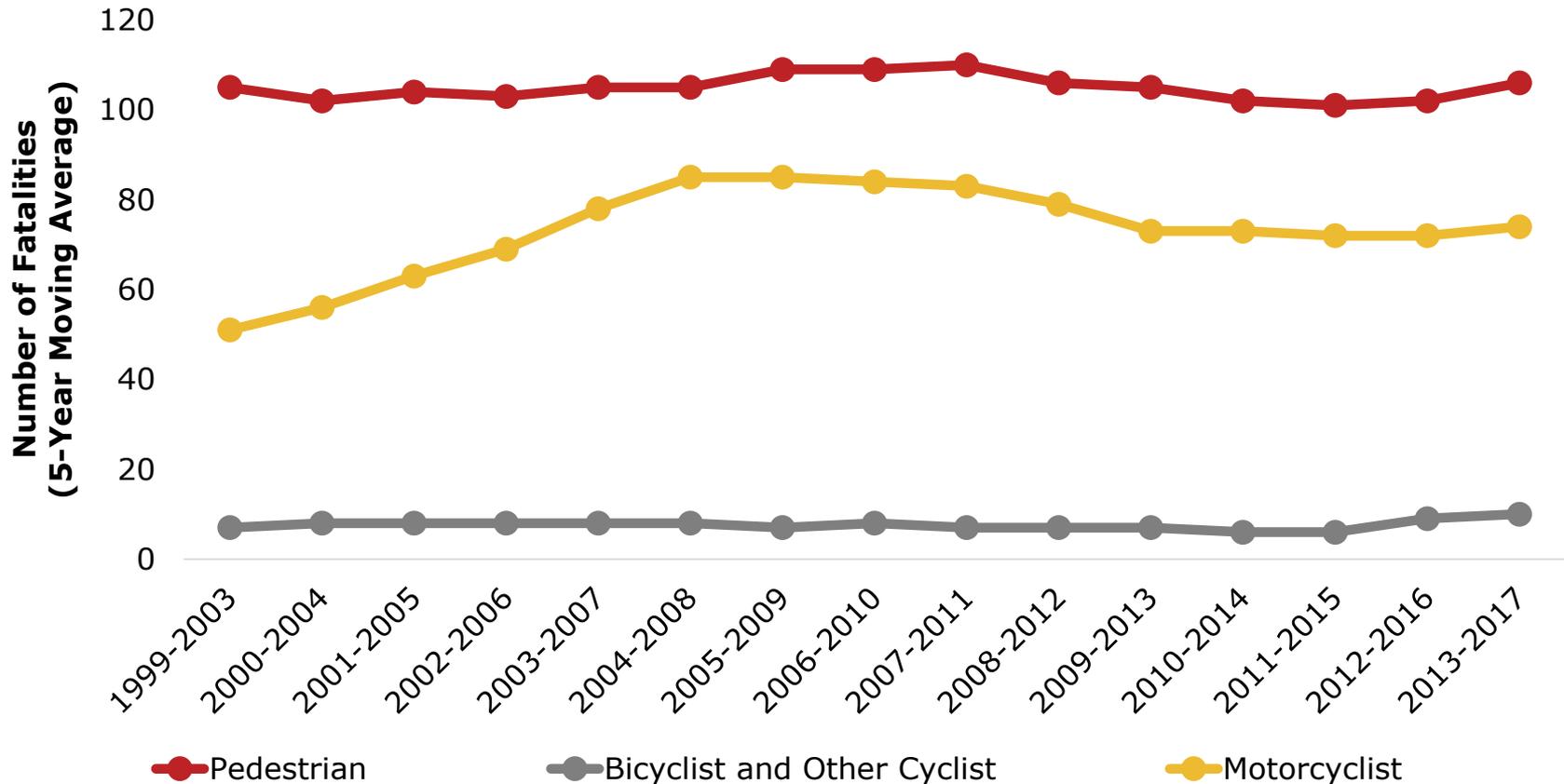
*Motor Vehicle Crashes*

# Observed Seatbelt Use Rates Maryland, 2010-2017



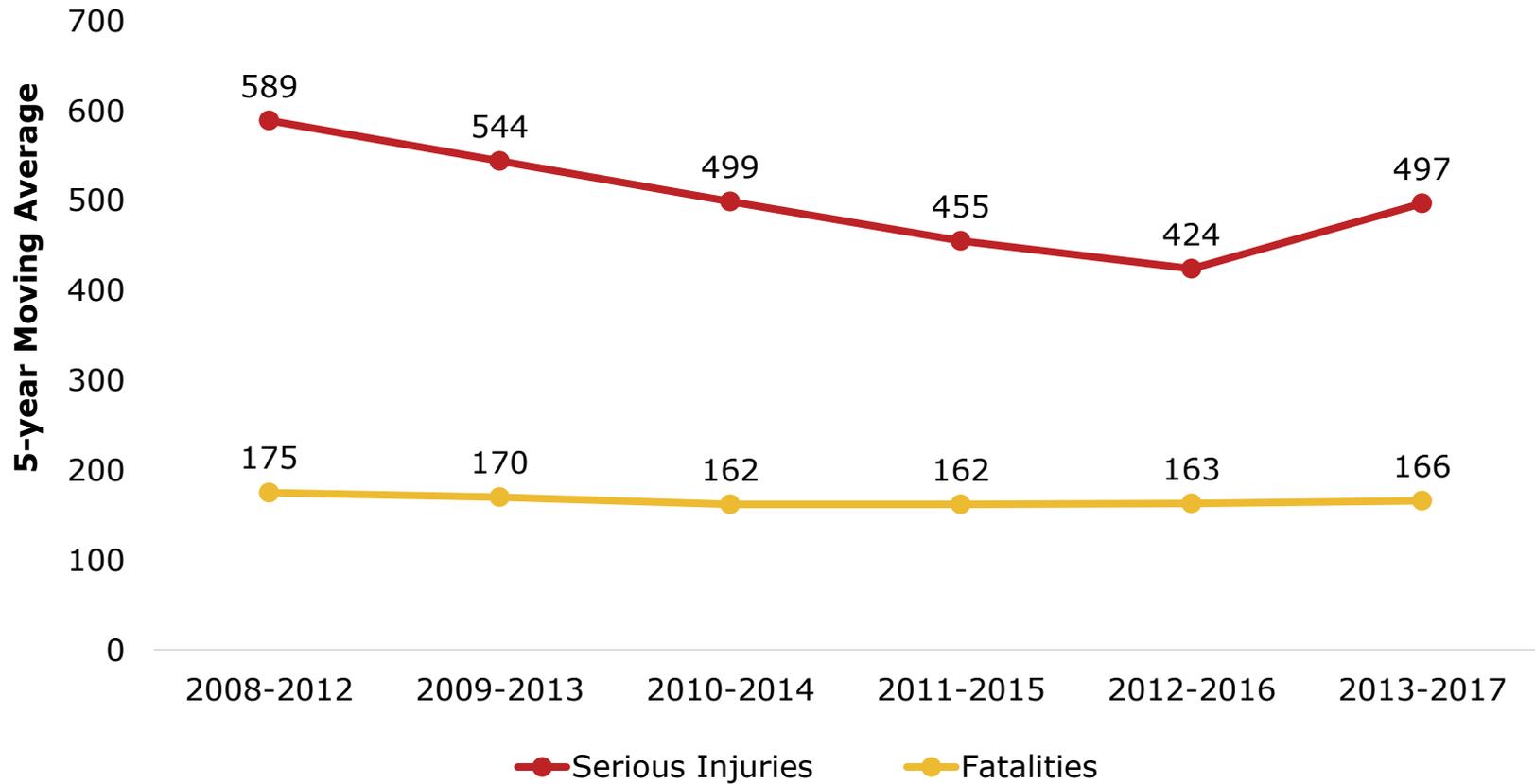
*Motor Vehicle Crashes*

# Maryland Motor Vehicle Fatalities, FARS, 1999-2017



*Motor Vehicle Crashes*

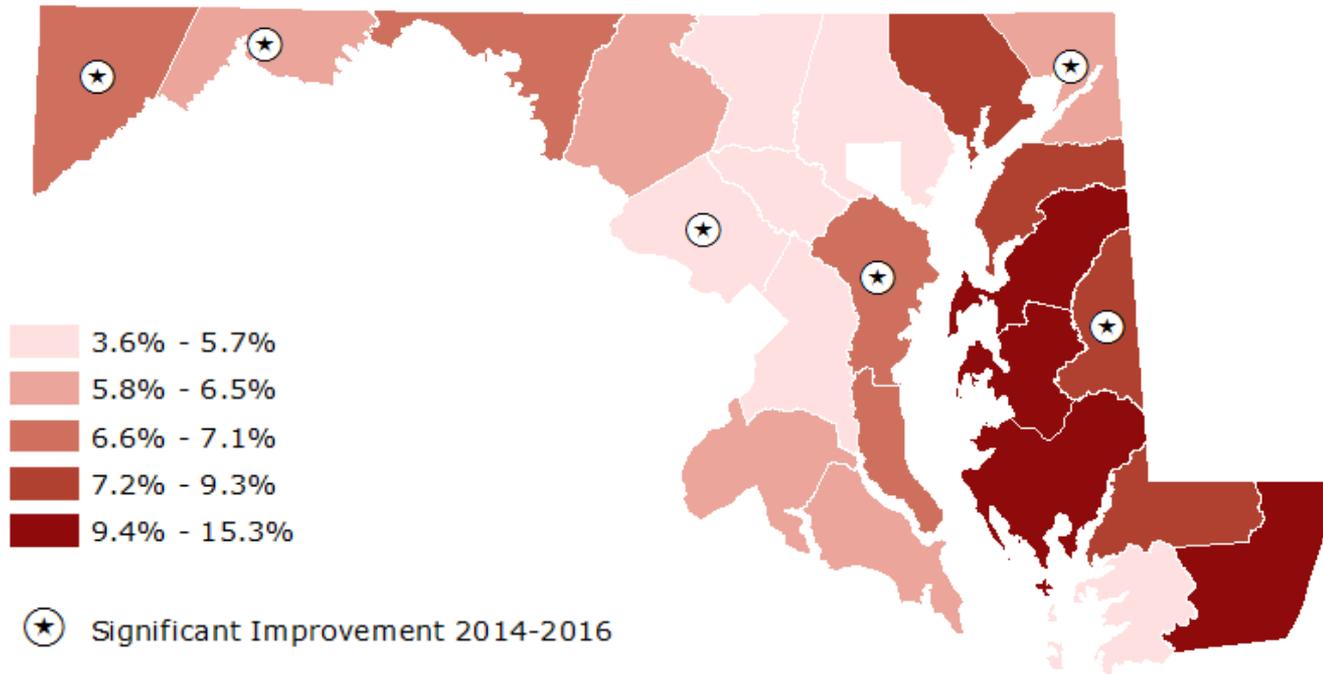
# Impaired\* Driver Traffic Fatalities and Serious Injuries, MHSO, 2008-2017



\*Drug and/or Alcohol

# Youth Driving after Drinking, Maryland YRBS, 2014-2016

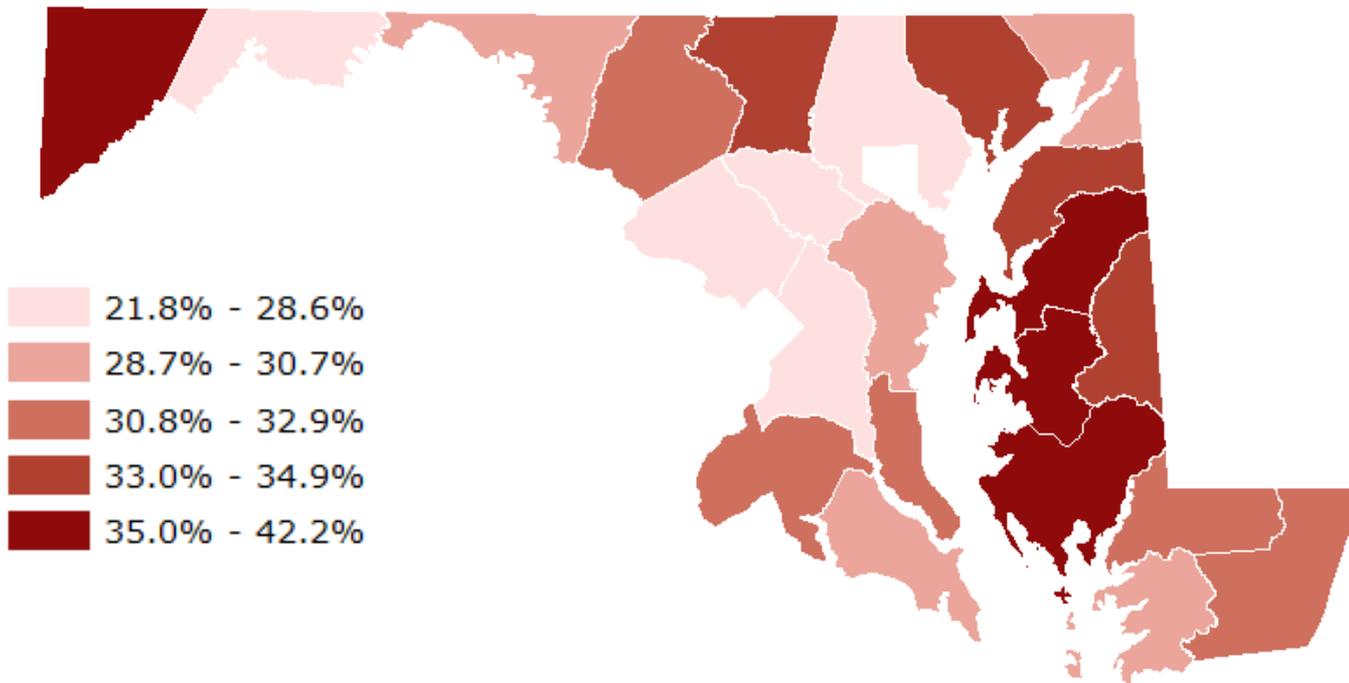
Percentage Of High School Students Reporting Driving After Drinking, 2016



Percentage of students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

# Youth Distracted Driving, Maryland YRBS, 2016

Percentage of High School Students who Texted or E-mailed while Driving, 2016



Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)

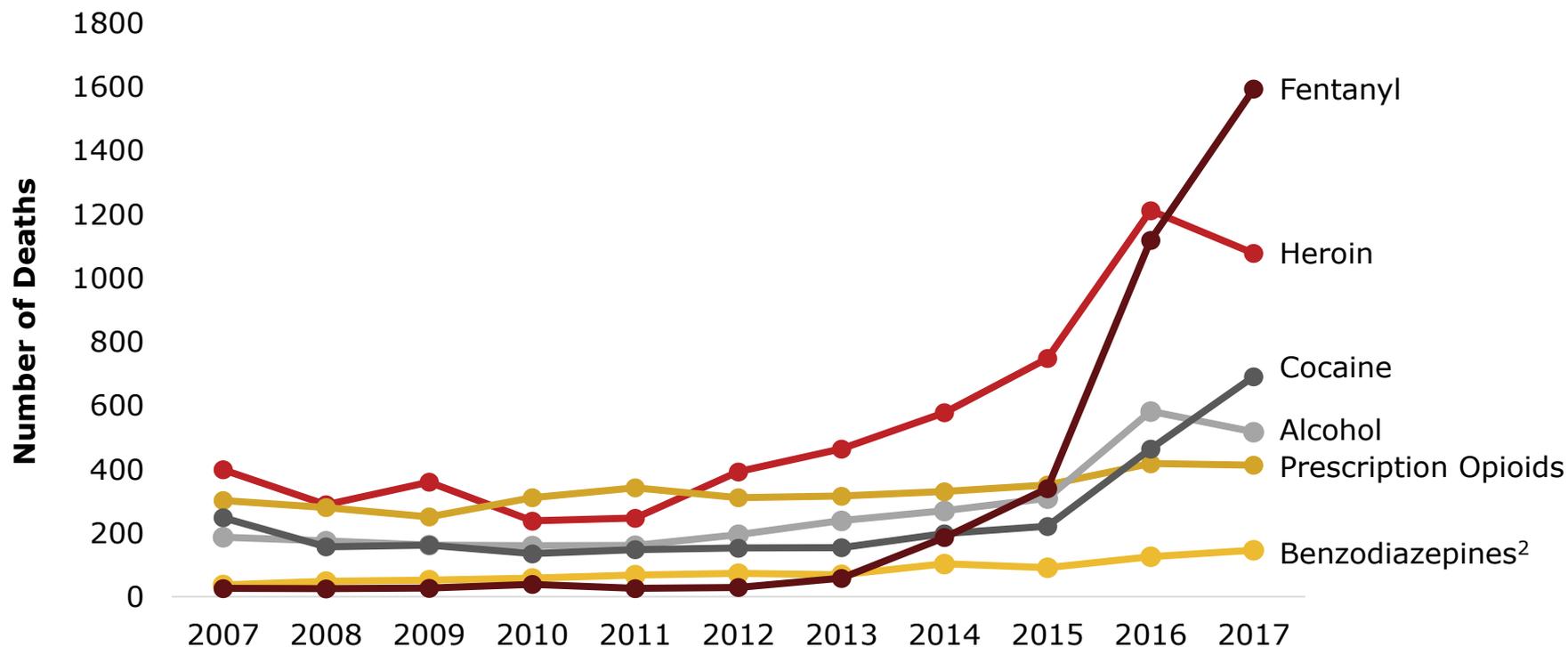
*Substance Use*

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# **Intoxication Deaths and Self-Reported Alcohol Use**

## Substance Use

# Total Number of Drug- and Alcohol-Related Intoxication Deaths by Selected Substances<sup>1</sup>, Maryland, 2007-2017

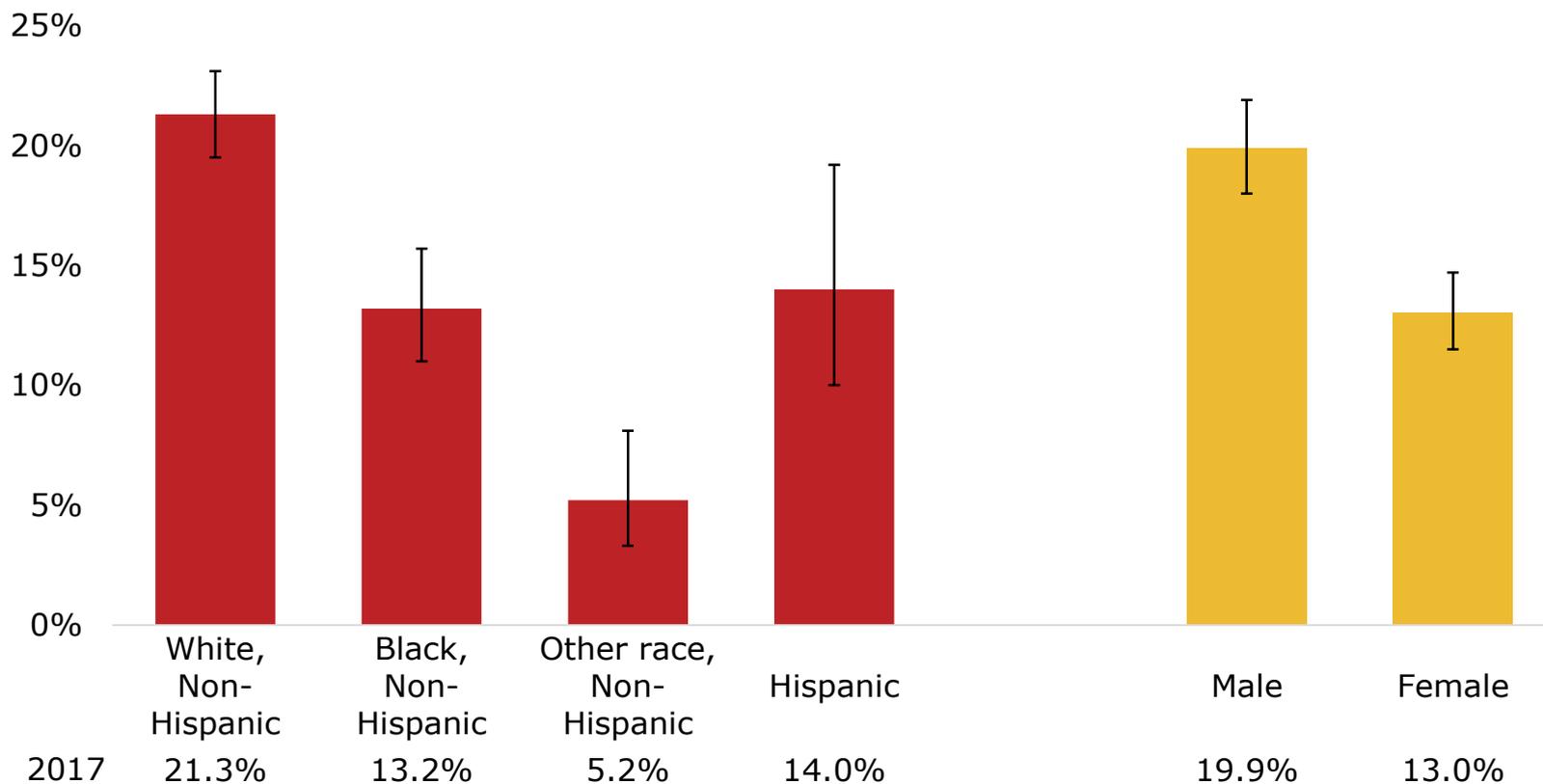


1 Since an intoxication death may involve more than one substance, counts of deaths related to specific substances do not sum to the total number of deaths.

2 Includes deaths caused by benzodiazepines and related drugs with similar sedative effects.

*Substance Use*

# Binge Drinking among Adults, Maryland BRFSS, 2017



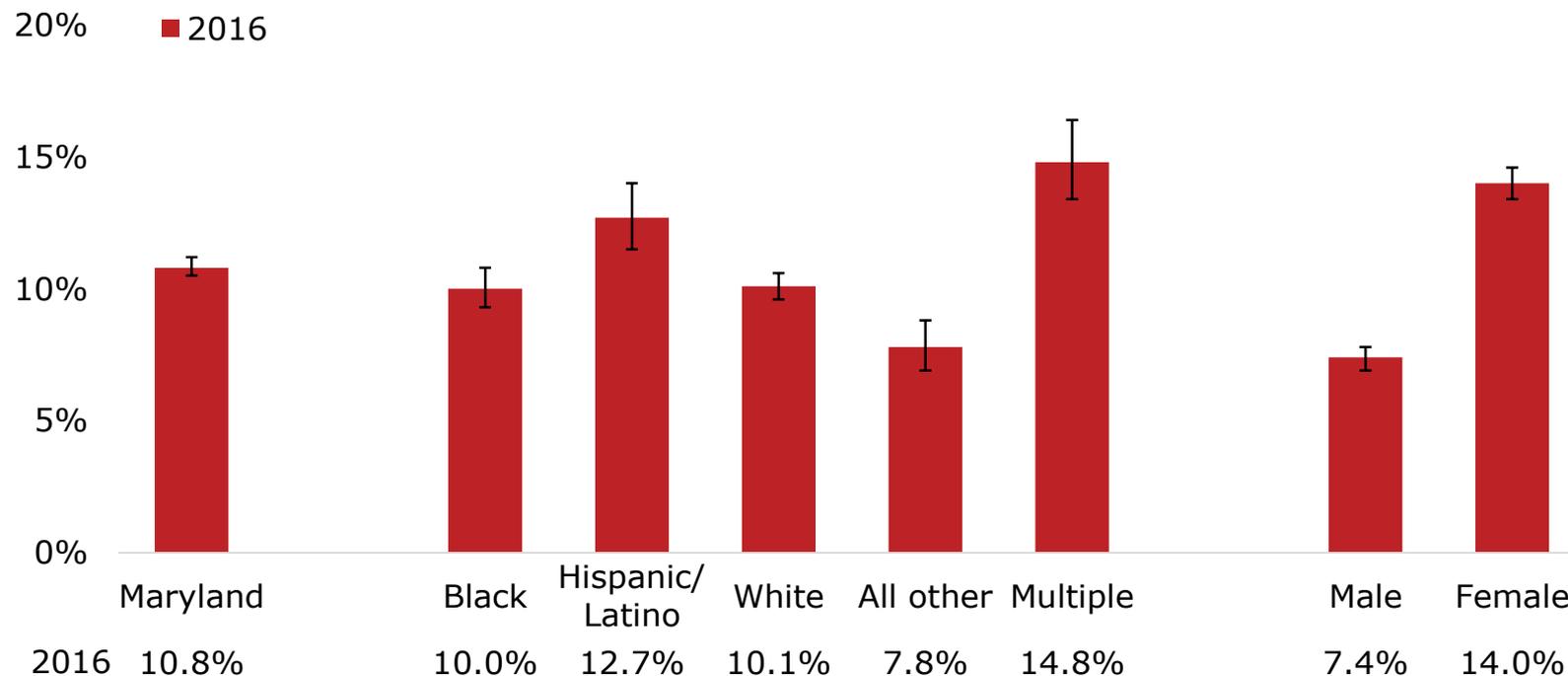
*Sexual and Intimate Partner Violence*

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**Prevalence of SV and IPV  
among Maryland Youth,  
2014-2016**

*Sexual Violence and Intimate Partner Violence*

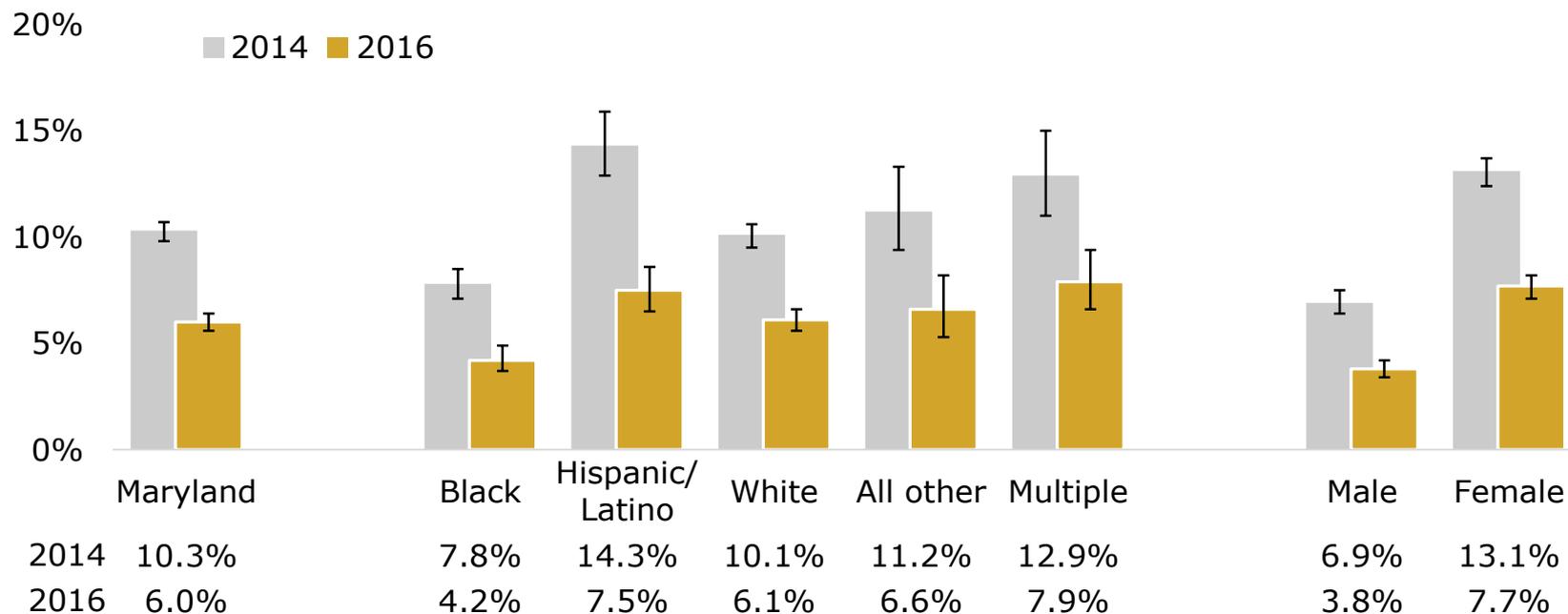
# Sexual Violence among Youth, Maryland YRBS, 2016



High School - Percentage of students who experienced **sexual violence** (being forced by anyone to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

*Sexual Violence and Intimate Partner Violence*

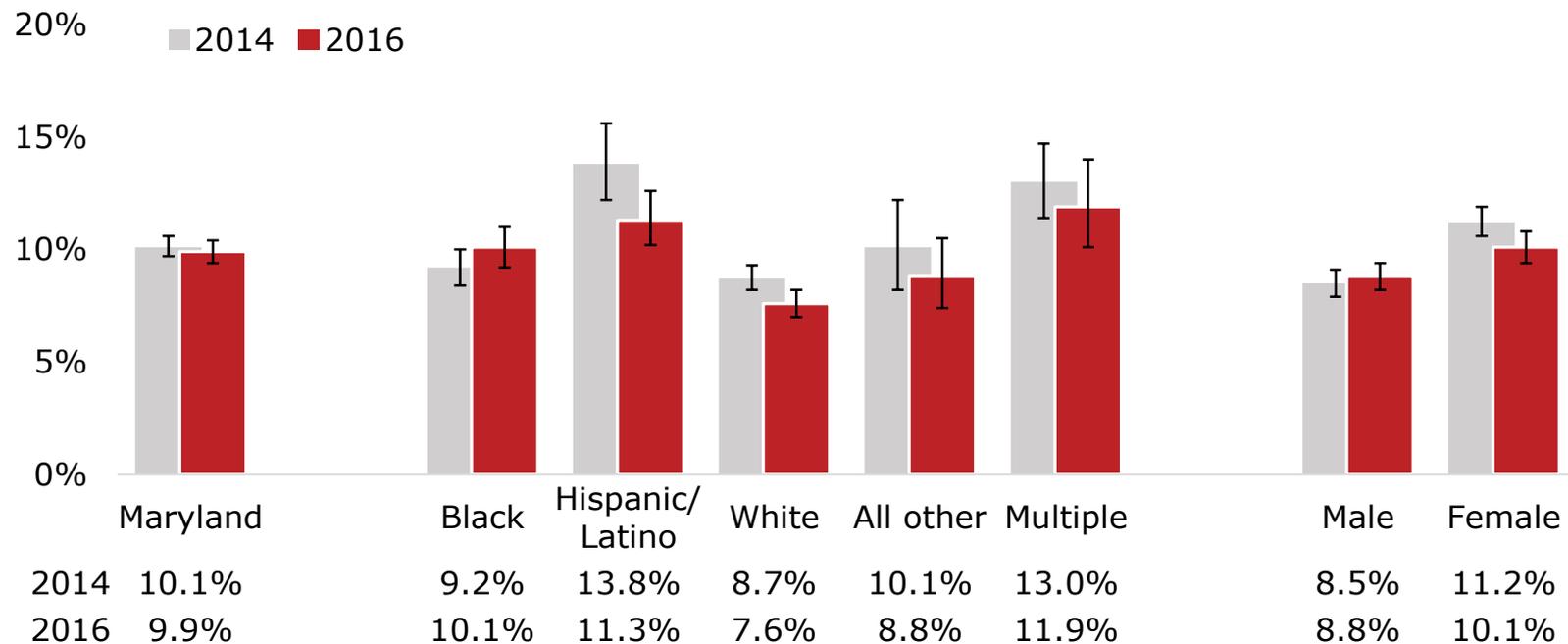
# Intimate Partner Violence among Youth – Sexual Violence, Maryland YRBS, 2014-2016



High School - Percentage of students who experienced **sexual dating violence** (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey).

*Sexual Violence and Intimate Partner Violence*

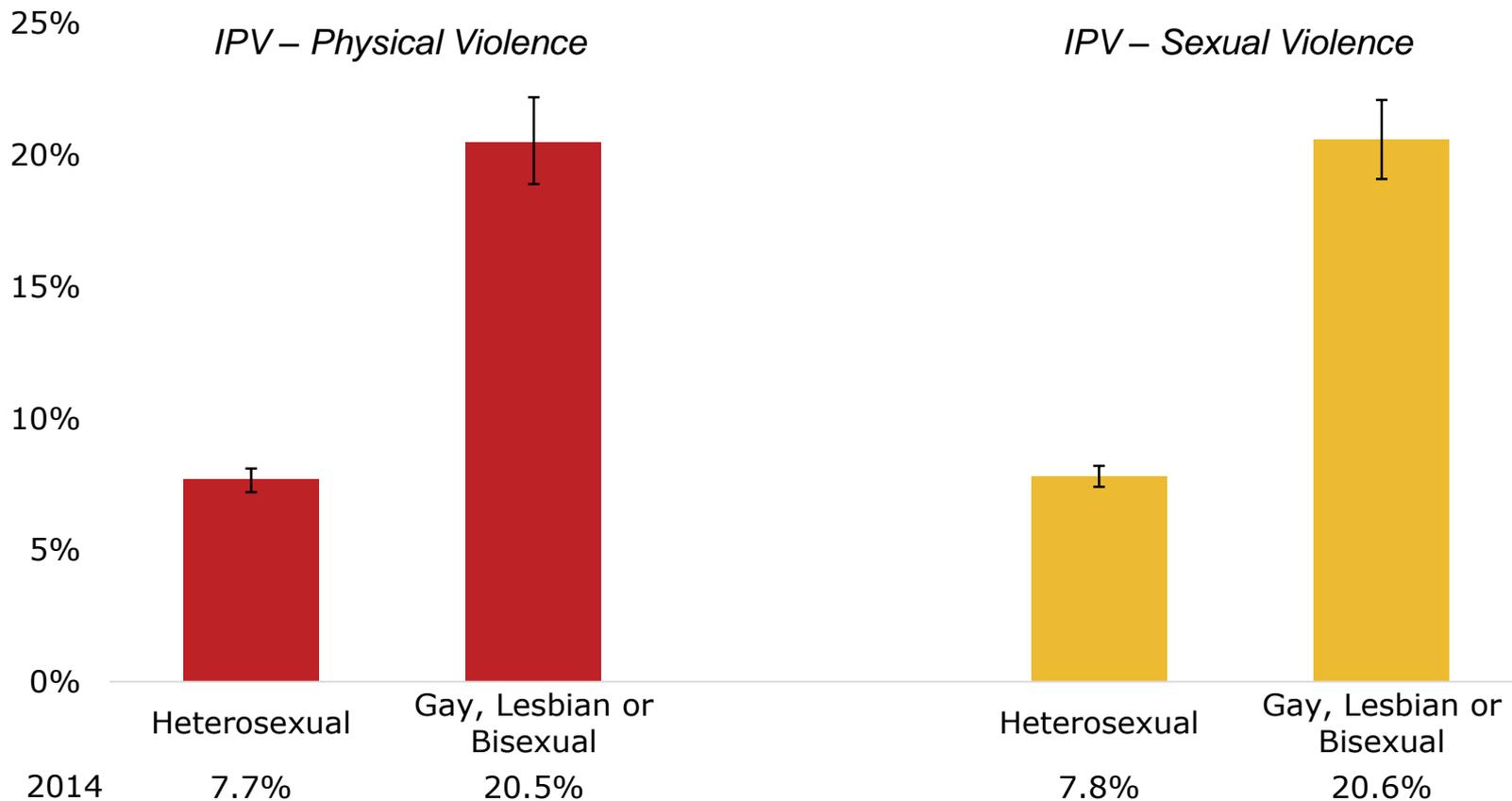
# Intimate Partner Violence among Youth – Physical Violence, Maryland YRBS, 2014-2016



High School - Percentage of students who experienced **physical dating violence** (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

*Sexual Violence and Intimate Partner Violence*

# Disparities in Intimate Partner Violence among Youth, Maryland YRBS, 2014



*Adverse Childhood Experiences*

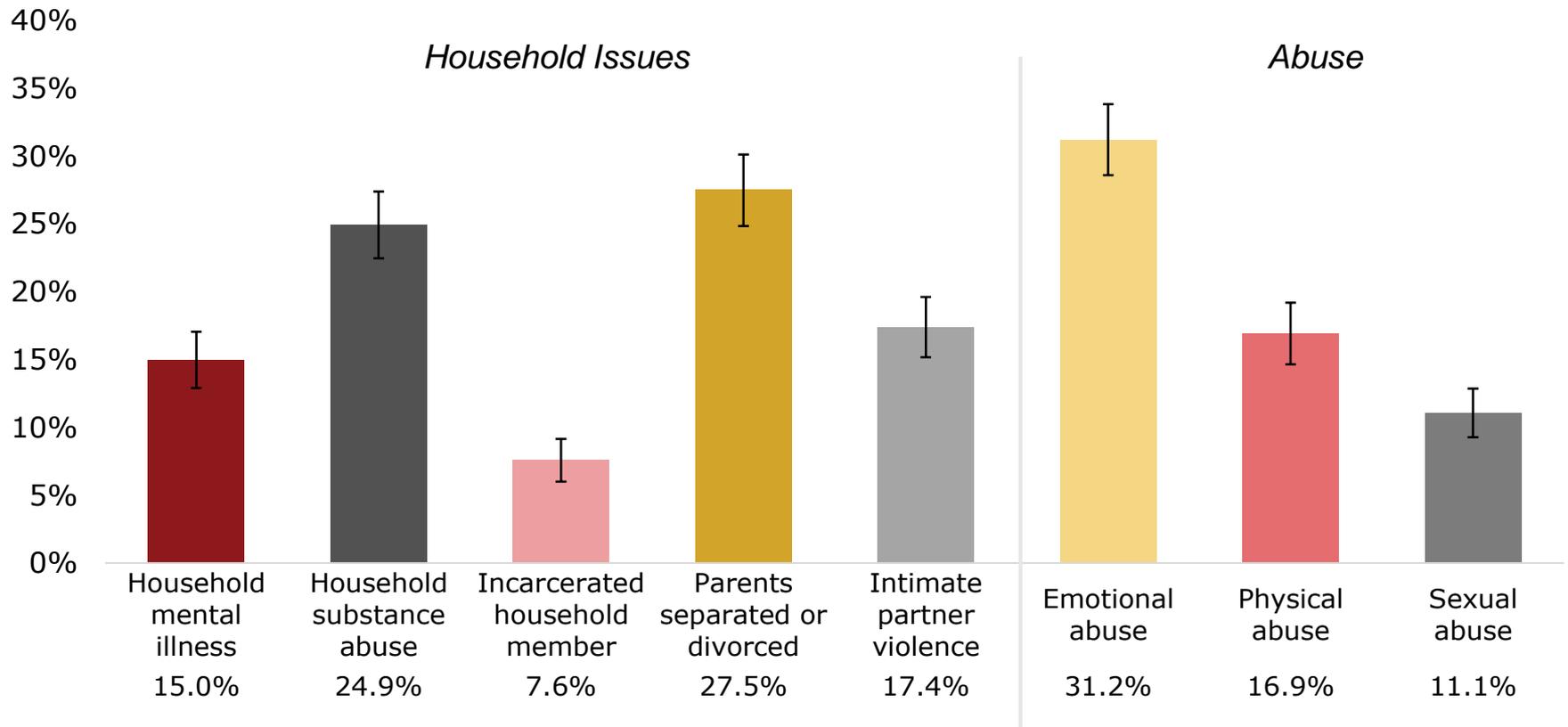
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**Self-Reported Prevalence of  
ACEs among Maryland  
Adults, 2015**

*Adverse Childhood Experiences*

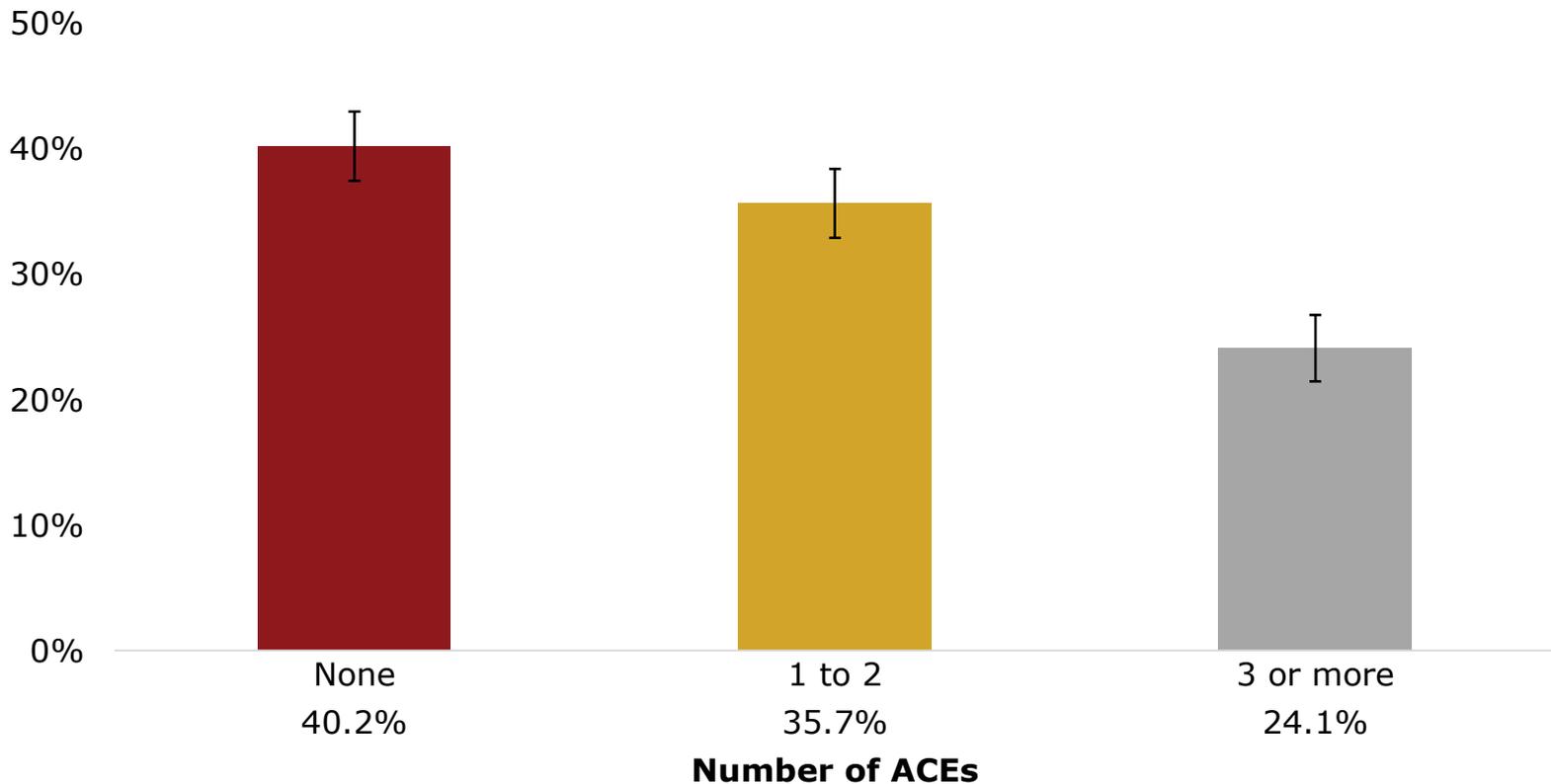
# Prevalence of ACEs by Type, Maryland BRFSS, 2015

Prevalence of ACEs Reported by Maryland Adults, by Type of ACE



# Prevalence of ACEs by Number, Maryland BRFSS, 2015

Prevalence of ACEs reported by Maryland Adults, by Number of ACEs



*Data Landscape*

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# Conclusions and Next Steps

# Conclusions

- Violence and unintentional injuries affect everyone.
  - Everyone is not equally at risk for all injuries.
- Local injury prevention priorities are informed by:
  - Experience
  - Resources
  - Policy
  - Culture
  - Geography

# Next Steps

- Set local injury prevention priorities.
- Identify shared risk and protective factors.
- Engage stakeholders and the community.

# QUESTIONS?